Environmental Checklist Form

1. Project Title:

"Residential Second Units in Agricultural Zoning Districts" County File # ZT050002

2. Lead Agency Name and Address:

Contra Costa County, Community Development Department Administrative Building 651 Pine Street 4th Floor – North Wing Martinez, CA 94553-1295

3. Contact Person and Phone Number:

David Brockbank, Planner Community Development Department Administrative Building 651 Pine Street 2nd Floor – North Wing Martinez, CA 94553-1295 (925) 335-1206

4. Project Location:

"County Wide" means the entire unincorporated area of Contra Costa County.

5. Project Sponsor's Name and Address:

Contra Costa County Administrative Building 651 Pine Street 2nd Floor – North Wing Martinez, CA 94553-1295

6. General Plan Designation:

Section 65860 of the California Government Code requires that a jurisdiction's zoning ordinance be consistent with its General Plan. It also provides that in order for the ordinance to be consistent with the General Plan, the various land uses authorized by the ordinance are compatible with the objective, policies, general land uses, and programs specified in the General Plan. The vast majority of agricultural zoning districts are located within Public, Semi-Public, Landfill, and Open Space designations under the General Plan. Therefore, those General Plan designations that find residential development appropriate [e.g. Agricultural Lands (AL), Agricultural Core (AC), and Delta Recreation (DR)]; second units would be considered a compatible use. However, those General Plan designations where residential development is not appropriate [e.g. Water (WA), Watershed (WS),

Parks and Recreation (PR)], second units would not be a consistent use and thus, would not be permitted in those designations.

7. Zoning:

The following zoning districts will be affected by the proposed text amendment: General Agricultural (A-2), Heavy Agricultural (A-3), Agricultural Preserve (A-4), and the Exclusive Agricultural Districts (A-20, A-40, and A-80). The proposed amendment to the Residential Second Unit Ordinance will add these districts to the allowable "Location" section of the second unit ordinance, and it will not provide exceptions or deviations from the development standards required for the existing second unit ordinance.

8. Description of Project:

The project involves amending the existing Residential Second Unit Ordinance (Chapter 82-24 of the County Code) to allow second units as a permitted use in all of the agricultural zoning districts. The following actions are proposed: 1) adoption of a text amendment that allows residential second units in the agricultural zoning districts, and 2) adoption of subsequent text amendments to add residential second units in the permitted use sections under the specific agricultural zoning districts.

<u>Proposed Project:</u> The proposed project, would add all the agricultural zoning districts [General Agricultural (A-2), Heavy Agricultural (A-3), Agricultural Preserve, and the Exclusive Agricultural Districts (A-20, A-40, and A-80)] to the "Location" section (82-24.008) of the existing Residential Second Unit Ordinance. The new ordinance amendment, if approved, will require second units in agricultural zoning districts to comply with all existing procedures and regulations set forth in Chapter 82-24 of the Contra Costa County Code.

Additionally, the A-2, A-4, and A-20 Zoning Districts will each individually be modified to include residential second units as permitted or allowed uses. The respective Code Sections to be modified for these zoning districts are 84-38.402, 84-42.402, and 84-80.402.

9. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:

This proposed amendment to the Residential Second Unit Ordinance will affect only the agricultural zoning districts, which are located throughout the County. Due to the vast tracts of land that are zoned for agricultural use and the wide range of areas that these zoning districts are located within, numerous land uses generally abut these areas, rather than surround the agriculturally zoned parcels. The various land uses which abut agriculturally zoned land include single-family residential, multiple-family residential, industrial, and commercial uses.

10. Approvals:

<u>Proposed Adoption of an Amendment to the Residential Second Unit Ordinance Text Amendment (File #ZT05-0002)</u> – A proposal to adopt an amendment to the Residential Second Unit Ordinance, Chapter 82-24 of the County Code. This is new text that proposes to add the agricultural zoning districts in the "Location" section (allowable zoning districts) of the existing second unit ordinance. The ordinance also intends to provide a new permitted land use (second units) in the agricultural zoning districts.

11. Other	public	agencies	whose	approval	is	required	(e.g.	permits,	financing,	approval,	or
partici	pation a	agreement	:):								

Not Applicable

Environmental Factors Potentially Affected:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

_	Aesthetics	_	Agricultural	Resources		_	Air Quality
_	Biological Resources	_	Cultural Reso	ources		_	Geology/Soils
_	Hazards & Hazardous Materials	_	Hydrology/W	Vater Quality		_	Land Use/Planning
_	Mineral Resources	_	Noise			_	Population/Housing
_	Public Services	_	Recreation			_	Transportation/Traffic
_	Utilities/Service Systems	_	Mandatory	Findings	of		
			Significar	ice			

DETERMINATION

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

X	I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.	ant effect on the environment, and a
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant will not be a significant effect in this case because the mitigation sheet have been added to the project. A MITIGATED NE prepared.	on measures described on an attached
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.	effect on the environment, and an
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect(s effect (1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document p and (2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on attached sheets, if the effect is a "potentially significant impa mitigated." An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is reference that remain to be addressed.	bursuant to applicable legal standards, the earlier analysis as described on ct" or "potentially significant unless
	I find that although the proposed project could have a signific WILL NOT be a significant effect in this case because all pobeen analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR pursuant to appl avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR, including revisimposed upon the proposed project.	otentially significant effects (a) have licable standards and (b) have been
	Signature	Date
	David Brockbank Project Planner Contra Costa County Community Development Department	

SOURCES

In the process of preparing the Checklist and conducting the evaluation, the following references (which are available for review at the Contra Costa County Community Development Department, 651 Pine Street 2nd Floor-North Wing, Martinez) were consulted:

- 1) Contra Costa County General Plan, (2005-2020)
- 2) Title 8, Planning and Zoning Ordinance, Contra Costa County
- 3) California State Government Code Section 65852.2
- 4) Community Development Department Digital Map Library
- 5) Draft East Contra Costa County Habitat Conservation Plan June 2005
- 6) Project Description
- 7) Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines, 1999
- 8) State of California, Department of Conservation Important Farmland Map, 2000
- 9) 2002 Hazardous Waste and Substance Sites (Cortese C) List State of California
- 10) Amended Residential Second Unit Ordinance Draft 2005
- 11) California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Summary

EVAL		STHETICS – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	
	a. b. c.	(Source: 1) Substantially damage scenic resources, including but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? (Source: 1) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? (Sources: 1) Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the			<u>X</u> .	X X
	SU	area? (Sources: 6) MMARY: Less than Significant Impact			<u>X</u>	
	a)	Amending the Residential Second Unit Ordinance to per could increase the number of residential units allowed or ridgelines designated in the County General Plan are local residential second units are only allowed on proper concurrently with the construction of a primary resident significant.	n agriculturated in agriculturated in agriculties that co	ally zoned land ulturally zoned ontain an exis	d. Many of land. Howe ting or are	the scenic ever, since proposed
	b)	The current residential second unit ordinance provides setback requirements, limited in size, and architectural approved. Therefore second units that conform to the compliance with the other applicable zoning codes that reprotection and Preservation Ordinance and Grading Division.	compatibili se developm egulate resid	ty) that must inent standards, lential develop	be met in or and otherw ment, such a	rder to be vise are in
	c)	The implementation of this ordinance amendment would character of agriculturally zoned properties since residen 1,000 square feet of living space and up to 1,400 square existence of or concurrent construction of a primary resident	tial second in the feet with	units are limite an attached g	ed to maximi	um size o
	d)	Residential second units in agricultural zoning districts glare because a residential unit would be located wh considering the size limitation and allowance of only one considered less than significant.	ere there w	as not source	of light be	efore. Bu
II.	<u>AG</u>	GRICULTURAL RESOURCES				
	a.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use? (Source: 1, 8)			_X_	

		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
b.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract? (Sources: 1, 2)				X
c.	Involve other changes in the existing environment, which due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of farmland, to non-agricultural use? (Sources: 1, 8)			X	
SUM	IMARY: Less than Significant Impact				
a, c)	According to the State of California Department of C there are areas of prime agricultural farmland within ordinance amendment would allow for second units to properties. Some of these districts may contain designa do not. There is also a size limitation on second units to a maximum of 1,400 square feet with an attached gas farmland to a residential use (non-agricultural) less than	in Contra (to be permit ted Prime F of 1,000 squarage. This	Costa Counted on all a armland are lare feet of the pote	ty. The gricultural as, but the	proposed ly zoned majority e and up
b)	Properties that are currently in a Williamson Act Contrause was not previously allowed under the contract. Tamended to include the establishment of a second application. Therefore, this would have no impact on ordinance amendment would allow for second units to (A-4) and Exclusive Agricultural (A-20, A-40, A-80) second unit as a structure to be incorporated into the Wi	Those existing unit prior existing Web be permitted Zoning D	ng contracts to approv illiamson A ed in the A istricts, but	s would ha ing a sec Act Contra gricultural	ond unit cts. The Preserve
AIR	QUALITY				
a.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? (Sources: 1, 7)				X
b.	Violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation? (Sources: 1,				
c.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is a non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for				X
	ozone precursors)? (Sources: 1, 7)				X
d.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations? (Sources: 1, 7)				X
e.	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? (Source: 7)				X

SUMMARY: No Impact

III.

Potentially
Significant
Potentially Unless Less Than
Significant Mitigation Significant No
Impact Incorporated Impact Impact

a-e) No development or physical changes are enabled with this regulatory action. The zoning code text amendment would not allow development where the current zoning and General Plan do not currently allow residential second unit development.

The text amendments allow residential second units to be built in agricultural zoning districts. These amendments do not modify the standards for clean air as required by the Bay Area Air Management District and are not changed with this new level of review and therefore will not have an adverse affect on air pollution.

IV. <u>BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES</u> – Would the project:

Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? (Sources: 1, 6) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian b. habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? (Sources: 1, 6) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means? (Sources: 1, Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites? (Sources: 1) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as preservation policy or ordinance? (Sources: 1,2) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation

SUMMARY: Less than Significant Impact

conservation plan? (Source: 1)

Plan, or other approved local, regional or state habitat

a-f) The project involves a text amendment to the County Zoning Ordinance Code. It is regulatory in nature and the proposed action would not confer any entitlement or approval of development. Although second units would be permitted within agricultural zoning districts, it is speculative to

Potentially
Significant

Potentially Unless Less Than
Significant Mitigation Significant No
Impact Incorporated Impact Impact

anticipate the number and location of residential second units that would be located in such districts. Based on a review of the proposed text amendments, including the existing development standards that second units are required to meet, there is no substantial evidence that the project would have a significant impact on biological resources.

V.	CUL	TURAL RESOURCES – Would the project:				
	a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5? (Source: 6)			X	
	b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to 15064.5? (Source: 1, 6)			X	
	c.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geological feature? (Sources: 6)			X	
	d.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries? (Source: 6)			<u>X</u>	
	SUN	MARY: Less than Significant Impact				
		agricultural zoning districts, and including second ur agricultural zoning districts. These code changarchaeological, or other unique features on a collectiv amendments that would allow second units in agricult process. The potential impacts on cultural resources to agriculturally zoned properties would be speculative. a less than significant impact on cultural and historical	ges do no ve or individural zones of the extent The propos	ot adversedual basis. Changes the that they a	ely affect hi The adoption e development are known on	storical, of text review existing
VI.	GEC	<u>DLOGY AND SOILS</u> – Would the project:				
	a.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: 1. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. (Source: 1, 10) 2. Strong seismic ground shaking? (Source: 1) 3. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? (Source: 1, 10) 4. Landslides? (Source: 1, 10)			<u>X</u> X X	
	b.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil? (Source: 1, 10)			<u>X</u>	

		Potentially Significant <u>Impact</u>	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
c.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on-or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?		,,		
d.	(Source: 1, 10) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1998), creating			<u>X</u>	
e.	substantial risks to life or property? (Source: 1, 10) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater? (Source: 1)			<u>X</u>	X
SUM	IMARY: Less than Significant Impact				
a-e)	This project does not propose any construction impressed previously, the text amendments do provide for a reside for newly proposed residential construction. There are areas in the County that are within an Ear Alquist Priolo Special Study Zone), and as such structur structural requirements in addition to the proposed design. The proposed code change would allow second unit agricultural zoning districts are located in areas the Councertain geologic hazards. However, buildings are required and Uniform Building Codes.	ential secon rthquake Fa res for huma gn criteria. s in agricu nty General	d unit develunt Zone (in occupance) Itural zonin Plan has de	opment proformerly key may have g districts termined to	nown as the further.
HAZ	ZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the pro	oject:			
a.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials? (Source: 6)				X
b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? (Source: 6)				X
c.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? (Source: 1, 6)				X
d.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65862.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the				
	environment? (Source: 9)				X

VII.

			Potentially Significant <u>Impact</u>	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
	e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area. (Source: 1)				X
	f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? (Source: 1)				X
	g.	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? (Sources: 1, 8)				X
	h.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? (Source: 1, 11)			X	
	SUN	MARY: Less than Significant Impact				
	a-h)	Text amendments to allow residential second units in agadverse affect on hazards and hazardous materials. agricultural zones could potentially expose these smal because the Uniform Building Code and Uniform Fire Crural areas to be built with non-combustible or fire-resignificant.	Permitting 1 residences Code require	g residentia to wildlan homes that	l second d fires. It are const	units in Iowever, ructed in
VIII.	HYI	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY – Would the project:				
	a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements? (Source: 6)				X
	b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)? (Source: 6)				X
	c.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site? (Source: 3, 6)				X
	d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface run-off in a manner that would result in flooding on-or off-site? (Sources: 3, 6)				X

		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
e.	Create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? (Sources: 1, 6)				X
f.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality? (Source: 6)				X
g.	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map? (Sources: 6)			X	
h.	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures that would impede or redirect flood flows? (Sources: 3,				
i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam? (Sources: 1)			X	<u>X</u>
j.	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow? (Source: 1)			X	
SUM	IMARY: Less than Significant Impact				
a-f)	Typically, agricultural zoning districts are not connect supplied through water wells. Well water is regulated the County Health Services Department. Before a secon where water is supplied by a well, the appropriate standard reviewed for adequacy. This is considered a less than second control of the contr	by the Envond unit collards for wa	ironmental uld be perm ater pressure	Health Div	vision of roperties
g-j)	The amendments to the zoning code change would allozoning districts. Some agricultural zoning districts are flood hazard). Prior to a building permit being issued for would be subject to the Floodplain Management Ordina to be obtained. The text amendments do not modify the changed with this new level of review and therefore will	e located wor a second ance, and a ne standards	ithin Flood unit in Floo flood plain s for water	Zone A (od Zone A, permit wo quality and	100-year the unit uld need are not
LAN	<u>ID USE AND PLANNING</u> – Would the project:				
a.	Physically divide an established community? (Sources: 1, 4, 5)				X
b.	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or the regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning				
c.	ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect? (Sources: 1, 2) Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan				X
٠.	or natural community conservation plan? (Source: 1)				X

IX.

Potentially Significant

Mitigation

Incorporated

Less Than

Significant

Impact

No

Impact

Unless

Potentially

Significant

Impact

SUMMARY: No Impact a) The change in regulatory procedures allowing second units in agricultural zoning districts would not physically divide a community. The proposal involves amending the Residential Second Unit Ordinance that would allow second b) units in agricultural zoning districts. Agricultural zoning districts are located within various Open Space General Plan Designations under the County General Plan and residential use is appropriate for only some of these designations. Therefore, second units would only be permitted on those agricultural properties that have a consistent General Plan designation. c) The County has not yet adopted any Habitat Conservation Plan and therefore the proposed text amendment is not in conflict with any conservation plan. MINERAL RESOURCES – Would the project: X. Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state? (Source: 1) Result in the loss or availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan? (Source: 1) X SUMMARY: No Impact a - bAlthough mineral resources are located within agricultural zoning districts, County General Plan Policy Nos. 8-56 and 8-57 state incompatible land uses shall not be permitted within mineral resource impact areas, and defines those land uses that are inherently incompatible with mining and/or uses that require investment in public or private structures. Therefore second units would not be permitted in areas determined to contain mineral resources. XI. NOISE – Would the project result in: Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? (Sources: 1, 6) Exposure of persons to, or generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels? A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? (Sources: 3, 6) d. A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project? (Sources: 3, 6)

Potentially

		Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would				
	the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels? (Source: 1)				X
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in				
	the project area to excessive noise levels? (Source: 1)				<u>X</u>
<u>SU</u>	MMARY: No Impact				
o f	There is no development being proposed no site di				reduired
a-f)	There is no development being proposed, no site di through the proposed text amendments. The inclus Residential Second Unit Ordinance is a text amendment development guidelines for new second units located evidence to suggest that amending the zoning code will PULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:	ion of agric ent that will within agri	ultural zoni l require ad cultural dist	ng distric herence to ricts. The	ts in the specific ere is no
	through the proposed text amendments. The inclusing Residential Second Unit Ordinance is a text amendment development guidelines for new second units located evidence to suggest that amending the zoning code will application and Housing – Would the project:	ion of agric ent that will within agri	ultural zoni l require ad cultural dist	ng distric herence to ricts. The	ts in the specific ere is no
<u>PO</u>	through the proposed text amendments. The inclus Residential Second Unit Ordinance is a text amendment development guidelines for new second units located evidence to suggest that amending the zoning code will applicated. Would the project: Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? (Source: 6) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing	ion of agric ent that will within agri	ultural zoni l require ad cultural dist	ing distric herence to ricts. The sive noise	ets in the p specific ere is no levels.
<u>PO</u> a.	through the proposed text amendments. The inclus Residential Second Unit Ordinance is a text amendment development guidelines for new second units located evidence to suggest that amending the zoning code will application. Pullation AND HOUSING – Would the project: Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)? (Source: 6) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere? (Source: 3, 6)	ion of agric ent that will within agri	ultural zoni l require ad cultural dist	ing distric herence to ricts. The sive noise	ts in the specific ere is no

- a) Allowing residential second units in agriculturally zoned properties might in some areas increase population growth by permitting second units to be built. However, because agricultural zoning districts are spread throughout the County, population growth will not be relegated to any one specific area of the County and it will be spread gradually over time (permit by permit). Therefore this population growth will have a less than significant impact.
- b-c) Permitting residential second units in agriculturally zoned properties will not displace existing housing or substantial numbers of people. Rather these zoning code amendments will allow for additional housing development and will contribute measurably to affordable housing.

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

 Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new

or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services? (Sources: 3, 6) 1. Fire Protection? 2. Police Protection? 3. Schools? 4. Parks? 5. Other public facilities? SUMMARY: Less than Significant Impact a-(1) Allowing second units in agricultural zoning district would allow the establishment of new residential units. The potential for additional housing units could increase the demand for fire protection service. However, this impact is considered less than significant because the Uniform Building Code and Uniform Fire Code do require homes that are constructed in rural areas to be built with non-combustible or fire-retardant materials. (2-5) Due to the limitation on size for residential second units, and because residential second units can only be established on properties where a primary residence already exists or is being built concurrently, these properties already have public services provided and therefore will not increase the demand for the remaining public services. RECREATION a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? (Source: 6)			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
1. Fire Protection? 2. Police Protection? 3. Schools? 4. Parks? 5. Other public facilities? 2. Allowing second units in agricultural zoning district would allow the establishment of new residential units. The potential for additional housing units could increase the demand for fire protection service. However, this impact is considered less than significant because the Uniform Building Code and Uniform Fire Code do require homes that are constructed in rural areas to be built with non-combustible or fire-retardant materials. (2-5) Due to the limitation on size for residential second units, and because residential second units can only be established on properties where a primary residence already exists or is being built concurrently, these properties already have public services provided and therefore will not increase the demand for the remaining public services. RECREATION a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on		construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services? (Sources: 3,				
a-(1) Allowing second units in agricultural zoning district would allow the establishment of new residential units. The potential for additional housing units could increase the demand for fire protection service. However, this impact is considered less than significant because the Uniform Building Code and Uniform Fire Code do require homes that are constructed in rural areas to be built with non-combustible or fire-retardant materials. (2-5) Due to the limitation on size for residential second units, and because residential second units can only be established on properties where a primary residence already exists or is being built concurrently, these properties already have public services provided and therefore will not increase the demand for the remaining public services. RECREATION a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on		 Fire Protection? Police Protection? Schools? Parks? 			_X 	X
residential units. The potential for additional housing units could increase the demand for fire protection service. However, this impact is considered less than significant because the Uniform Building Code and Uniform Fire Code do require homes that are constructed in rural areas to be built with non-combustible or fire-retardant materials. (2-5) Due to the limitation on size for residential second units, and because residential second units can only be established on properties where a primary residence already exists or is being built concurrently, these properties already have public services provided and therefore will not increase the demand for the remaining public services. RECREATION a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on	SUM	IMARY: Less than Significant Impact				
only be established on properties where a primary residence already exists or is being built concurrently, these properties already have public services provided and therefore will not increase the demand for the remaining public services. RECREATION a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on	a-(1)	residential units. The potential for additional housing protection service. However, this impact is considered Building Code and Uniform Fire Code do require home	units could less than sig	increase tl gnificant be	he demand ecause the	for fire Uniform
 a. Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on 	(2-5)	only be established on properties where a primary re concurrently, these properties already have public se	sidence alr	eady exists	s or is bei	ng built
neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) b. Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on	RECI	<u>REATION</u>				
facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on		neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated? (Source: 6) Does the project include recreational facilities or			X	
CATA CATA DAY A LA COLLON A LA CATA DA LA CA		facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment? (Source: 6)			X	

SUMMARY: Less than Significant Impact

XIV.

Although second units do not count towards housing density, second units are considered residential development. Thus the proposed text amendment would potentially increase residential units in agricultural zoning districts. However, this would only result in having a minor increase in the demand for recreational facilities. Additionally, residential second units are subject to paying appropriate Park Dedication fees. These fees in conjunction with the size limitation (maximum 1,000 square feet of living space) imposed on these units offset the very minor impact on recreational facilities.

		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
XV.	<u>TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC</u> – Would the project:				
	a. Cause an increase in traffic that is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e. result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections? (Source: 1, 6)			X	
	b. Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				V
	(Source: 1, 6) c. Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks? (Sources: 1, 6)				<u>X</u> X
	d. Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g. sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)? (Source: 6)				X
	 e. Result in inadequate emergency access? (Source: 10) f. Result in inadequate parking capacity? (Sources: 2, 6) g. Conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)? (Sources: 1) 				X X
	SUMMARY: Less than Significant Impact				
XX II	traffic patterns. This project allows residential second do not conflict with any policies, related to traffic and potential to create additional traffic by allowing new therefore will result in less than significant impacts to r	atory amendr units in agric transportation v residential	nents will neultural zon n, but the pr second uni	ot change ing district oject does	existing ts, which have the
XVI.	<u>UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS</u> – Would the project:				
	 a. Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board? (Source: 6) 				X
	b. Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? (Sources: 6)				X
	c. Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects? (Source:				

d. Have sufficient water supplies available serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? (Source: 6) e. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments? (Source: 6) f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's waste disposal needs? (Source: 1, 6) g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of other current projects, and the effects of pobable future projects? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directl				Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed? (Source: 6) c. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project serving commitments? (Source: 6) f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's waste disposal needs? (Source: 1, 6) g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of part projects, he effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			6)				X
new or expanded entitlements needed? (Source: 6) c. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments? (Source: 6) f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's waste disposal needs? (Source: 1, 6) g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of part projects, and the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		d.					
provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments? (Source: 6) f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's waste disposal needs? (Source: 1, 6) g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of part projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? X			new or expanded entitlements needed? (Source: 6)				X
f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's waste disposal needs? (Source: 1, 6) g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) **SUMMARY: No Impact** a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? X = 1000		e.	provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing				V
needs? (Source: 1, 6) g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? X		f.					Λ
g. Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1) SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? X							X
SUMMARY: No Impact a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? X		g.	Comply with federal, state and local statutes and				
a - g) Utility services may not involve the increase in demand from service utility providers or districts, but rather requiring additional water wells and larger septic systems. If it has been determined that the property where these second units are proposed cannot adequately provide these necessary services to the new unit, then the second unit would not be permitted and therefore will not have an impact. XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly? X			regulations related to solid waste? (Source: 1)				<u>X</u>
a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? c. Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	XVII	MA]	an impact.	ot be permit	ted and ther	efore will	not nave
	AVII.	a.	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish and wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory? Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (Cumulatively considerable means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)? Does the project have environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings,			X	
		CITA	MMARY: Less than Significant Impact				

a & c) There is no development being proposed by these zoning code amendments. The new ordinance amendments, if approved, will require compliance with an established set of development

Potentially Significant

Potentially Unless Less Than
Significant Mitigation Significant No
Impact Incorporated Impact Impact

standards for all parcels agriculturally zoned within the County. The regulatory changes would not degrade the quality of the environment, nor have significant effects on human beings either directly or indirectly.

b) The proposed project, to allow residential second units in agricultural zoning districts is a text amendment that does not specifically propose any development. But these text amendment changes still require every second units to adhere to specific development guidelines and would also have to meet all building code requirements. The proposed ordinance changes to allow second units in agricultural zoning districts might cumulatively have incremental impacts to some environmental resources, but to a less than significant level.